# **CYSTIR**

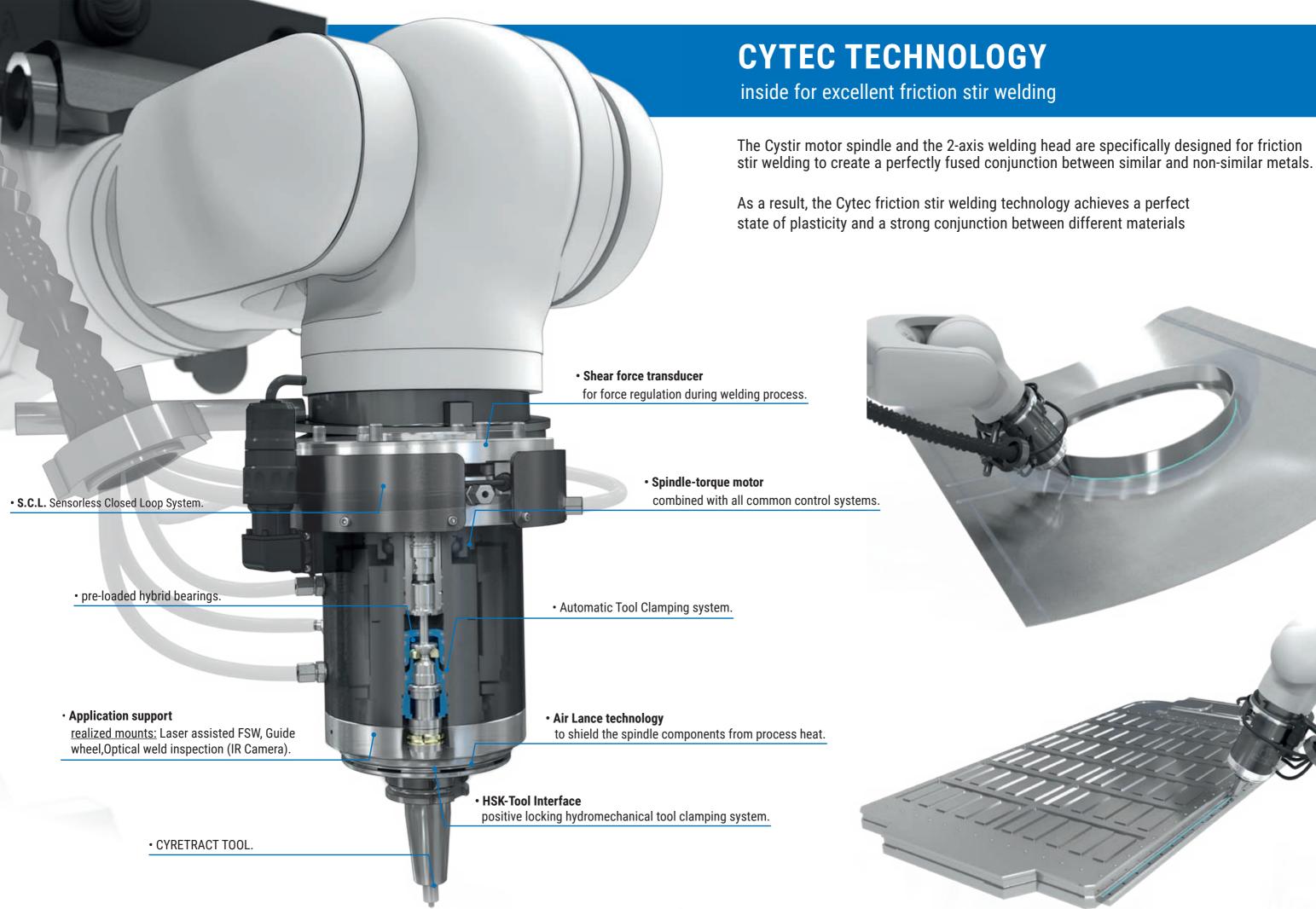
FRICTION STIR WELDING COMPONENTS

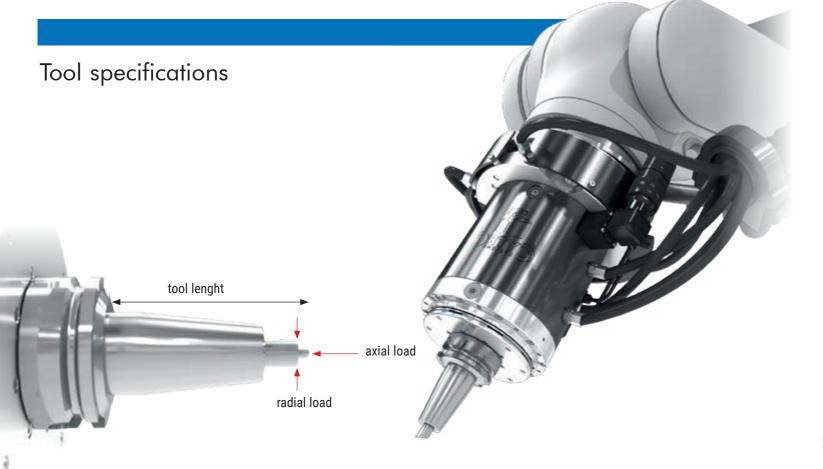










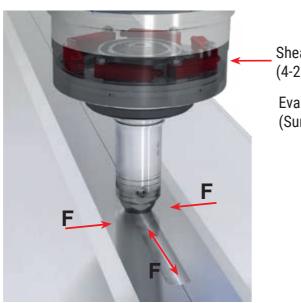


#### **FSW TOOL**

Max. tool length	mm	250
Axial load	N	< 10.000
Radial load	N	< 5.000
Tool length	mm	100
Max. axial load	N	< 40.000
Max. radial load	N	< 20.000

#### SHEAR FORCE TRANSDUCERS

OHEAR I ORDE I	KANODOOLK	
Nom. load	mkN	20
Accuracy	% f.s.	0,1
Initial signal	mA	12 +/-8
Zero point	mΔ	12



Shear force transducers (4-20mA analog), 6 pcs.

Evaluation electronic (Sum signal)  $\Sigma$ 

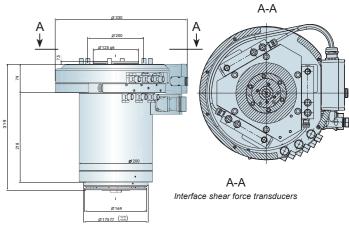
## CYTEC has developed the CYSTIR motor spindle designed specifically for friction stir welding.

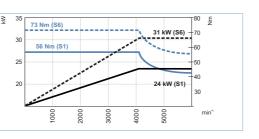
#### Characteristics:

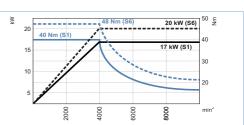
- HSK tool interface with hydromechanical CYTWIST tool clamping system
- CYTORQUE motor (combinable with all common control systems)
- Pre-loaded CYRT hybrid bearing
- Shear force transducers to regulate forces during the welding process
- Rotary union for clamping and release hydraulics

# 

#### CYSTIR 17 KW







#### **MOTOR SPECIFICATION**

Power	kW	24 (S1)	31 (S6)	Power	kW	17 (S1)	20 (S6)
Torque	Nm	56 (S1)	73 (S6)	Torque	Nm	40 (S1)	48 (S6)
Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	4.050 rpm	4.050 rpm	Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	4.000 rpm	4.000 rpm
Current	Α	42	54	Current	A	48	57

#### **OPERATING DATA**

Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	5.000	Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	9.000
Max. axial load	kN	15	Max. axial load	kN	15
Max. radial load	kN	5	Max. radial load	kN	5
Weight	kg	95	Weight	kg	88

#### **CLAMPING SYSTEM**

Tool interface	HSK	E63 / A63
Clamping force	kn	22
Clamping pressure	bar	55
Clamping monitoring	-	CyCon K11

Further Interface response

## **CYTEC TECHNOLOGY**

The FSW Fork head

• Temperature stable and distortion free design.

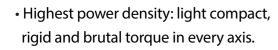


The FSW Fork head incorporates the finest technologies produced by CYTEC. Besides the powerful 42kW CYTEC motor spindle with an HSK-A 100 tool-interface, the CYWELD is equipped with 6 spherical arranged shear force transducers.

These sensors are used to detect the radial and axial forces during the welding process in TCP direction.



• The most advanced cooling technology in all drives.



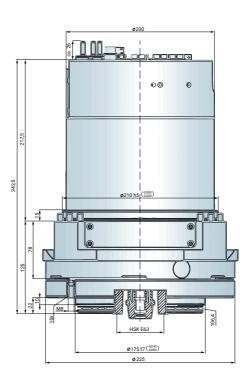
• One part swivel housing for highest accuracy in all dimensions.

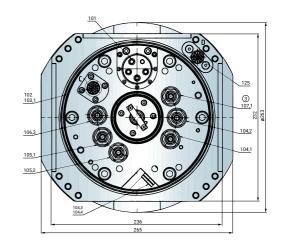


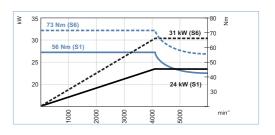
# CYTEC has developed the CYSTIR motor spindle designed specifically for friction stir welding.

#### Characteristics:

- HSK tool interface with hydromechanical CYTWIST tool clamping system
- CYTORQUE motor (combinable with all common control systems)
- Pre-loaded hybrid bearing
- Shear force transducers to regulated forces during the welding process
- · Rotary feedthrough for clamping and release hydraulics







## • Shear force transducer for force regulation during welding process.

#### **FSW TOOL**

TOW TOOL			
Max. tool length	mm	250	
Axial load	N	< 10.000	
Radial load	N	< 5.000	
Tool length	mm	100	
Max. axial load	N	< 40.000	_
Max. radial load	N	< 20.000	_

#### **SHEAR FORCE TRANSDUCERS**

Nom. load	mkN	20
Accuracy	% f.s.	0,1
Initial signal	mA	12 +/-8
Zero point	mA	12

#### **MOTORSPECIFICATION**

Power	kW	24 (S1)	31 (S6)
Torque	Nm	56 (S1)	73 (S6)
Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	4.050 rpm	4.050 rpm
Current	Α	42	54

#### **OPERATINGDATA**

Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	5.000
Max. axial load	kN	15
Max. radial load	kN	5
Weight	kg	80

#### **CLAMPING SYSTEM**

Tool interface	HSK	E63
Clamping force	KN	22
Clamping pressure	bar	55

## **CYTEC TECHNOLOGY**

**CYTEC Technology Exchange Interface** 





#### CYTEC Technology Exchange- Interface





### **CYTEC TECHNOLOGY**

**The Applications Friction Stir Welding** 

## **RETRACT**

- Aircraft Engineering
- Space travel
- Defense
- Aircraft industry
- Automotive industry
- Fuel tanks

- Atomizer
- Aggregate
- Coil joining
- Connection of deck plates

...and many other production parts in different markets





#### **FLEXTOOLS**

High surface finish, less process force and heat, highly dynamic welding enabled by non-rotating tool shoulder separate retraction of the Pin or separate pushing shoulder.

Clamping units



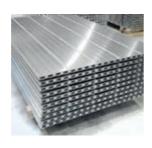


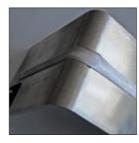
This joining process is more sensitive and offers a better surface finish.. The friction pin rotates into the material. The non rotating shoulder gives a slight pressure to the welding surface. This process create less force and heat. This type of FSW tool is often used on thin workpieces. With the Flextool an axial shoulder compression at the end of the welding process is possible. During the shoulder remains on the surface the Pin returns from the material.















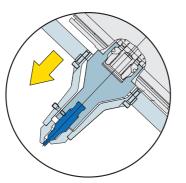
Tool Pin retreat Pin and shoulder rotating Pin retreat



Moving shoulder tool
Pin and shoulder rotating
Pushing shoulder.

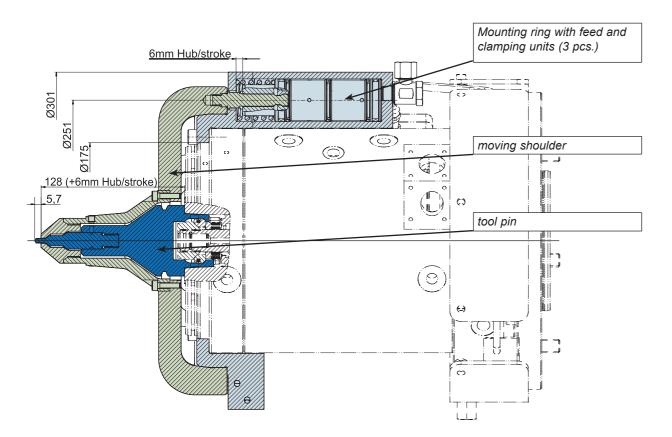
13

To achieve an especially clean and smooth weld seam, the spindle can be equipped with the tool system FlexTool. It consists of the actual stir welding tool with HSK interface and a ring shaped shoulder for the tool pin which can be docked on and off automatically. During the welding





process the shoulder remains in retracted position. Shortly before the end of the process the shoulder extends in axial direction and encloses the tool pin so that the seam is finished in high quality.



#### **Option FlexTool**

Max. axial load:	15 kN
Max. radial load:	5 kN
Stroke feed:	6 mm
Preloaded spring force feed unit:	430 N
Max. clamping force of the clamping system:	3 x 11 kN
Max. clamping pressure of the clamping system:	70 bar
Weight tool pin:	1.2 kg
Weight moving shoulder:	8.2 kg
Total weight:	28.4 kg

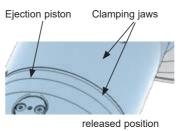
#### Clamping system & Control signal processing

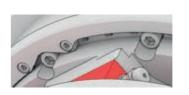
As standard the friction stir welding heads are equipped with an automatic hydromechanical tool clamping system.

The tools are inserted either manually or by a pickup station into the tool interface.

The Process Logic Controller (PLC) triggers the hydraulic operation to lock the tool high clamping force.

The tool clamping is controlled by an analog volume flowmeter combined with an electronic evaluation device integrated in the control cabinet.





#### Function of the clamping system

The grasping and clamping of the tool is operated by the clamping slide: in the released position it is supplied with

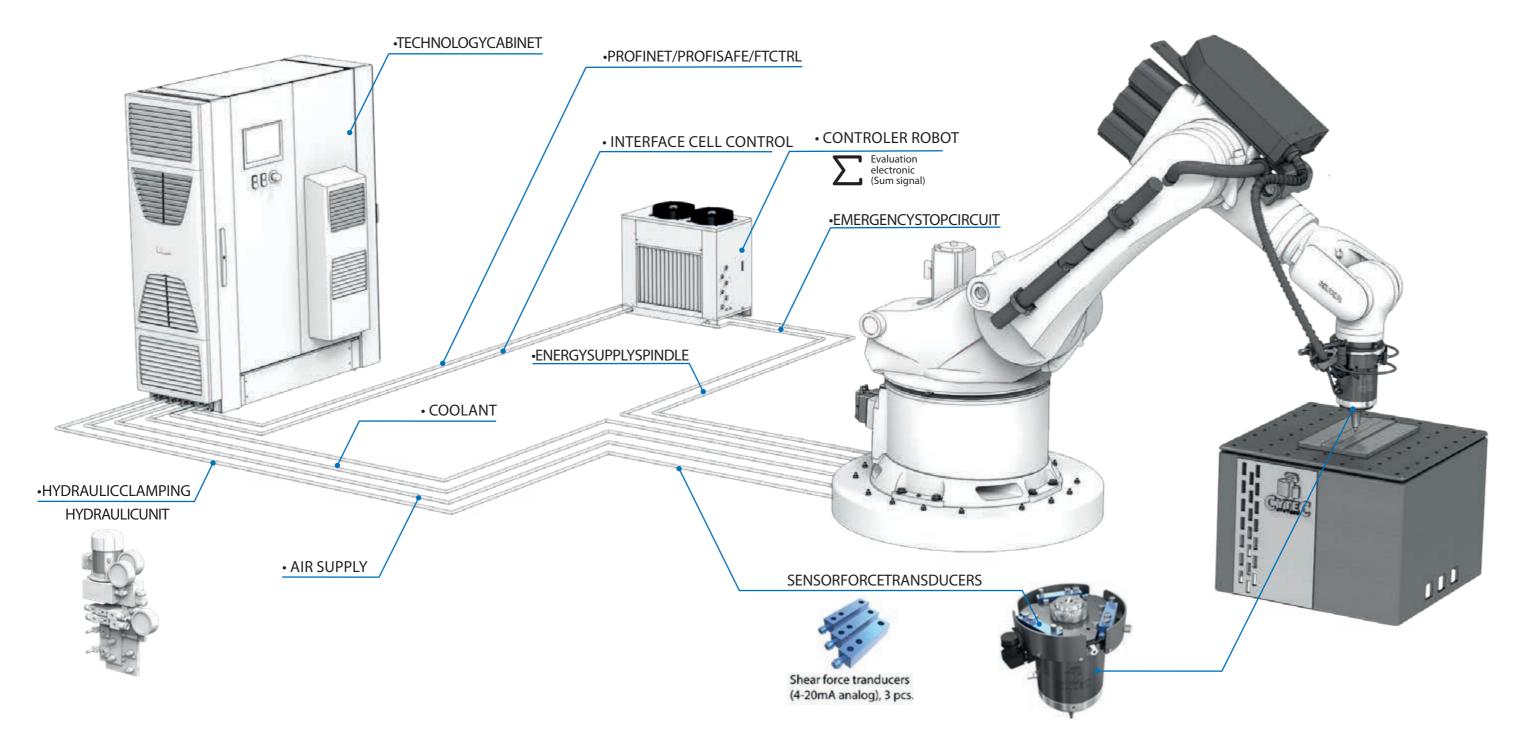
hydraulic pressure.

The functional elements move into a final position so that the draw bolt retracts and draws in the tool against the face contact surface of the spindle. So transmission of the clamping force with a force intensification comes into effect. In this position the tool is positively locked with high secure and rigid clamping.

The clamping pressure is not necessary any more because the clamping force is maintained only mechanically by its self retention. Only by pressurising the release connection the functional elements can reach the initial position. The piston of the draw bolt ejects the tool safely.

## **Industrie 4.0**

Control signal processing



For a proper, reliable and user friendly operation this communication is reduced to the most important command functions:

- spindle start / stop
- clockwise or counter clockwise rotation
- rotational speed

• tool clamp / release.



Sales & Services, Home Address and Subsidiaries:

Jülich, Germany | Pliezhausen, Germany | Oldham, Great Britain Le Vésinet, France | Leiria, Portugal | Milano, Italy | Liberec, Czech Republic Schwarzenburg, Switzerland | Donaújváros, Hungary | Port Saint Lucie, USA Anaheim, USA | Aragua, Venezuela | Indianópolis, Brazil Shenyang City, China | Taichung City, Taiwan



#### **CYTEC Zylindertechnik GmbH**

Steffensrott 1 • D-52428 Jülich Tel.: (+49) 2461 / 6808-0 •

E-mail: info@CYTEC.de • http:// www.CYTEC.de



CYTEC\_FSW  $\mid$  06/2025  $\mid$  english We reserve the right to make technical modifications. The components/ machines shown here may include options, accessories and control variants.